

Putting All of the Registry Data Together: What Does This Tell Us

ISAKOS Congress
Shanghai China 6/7/17

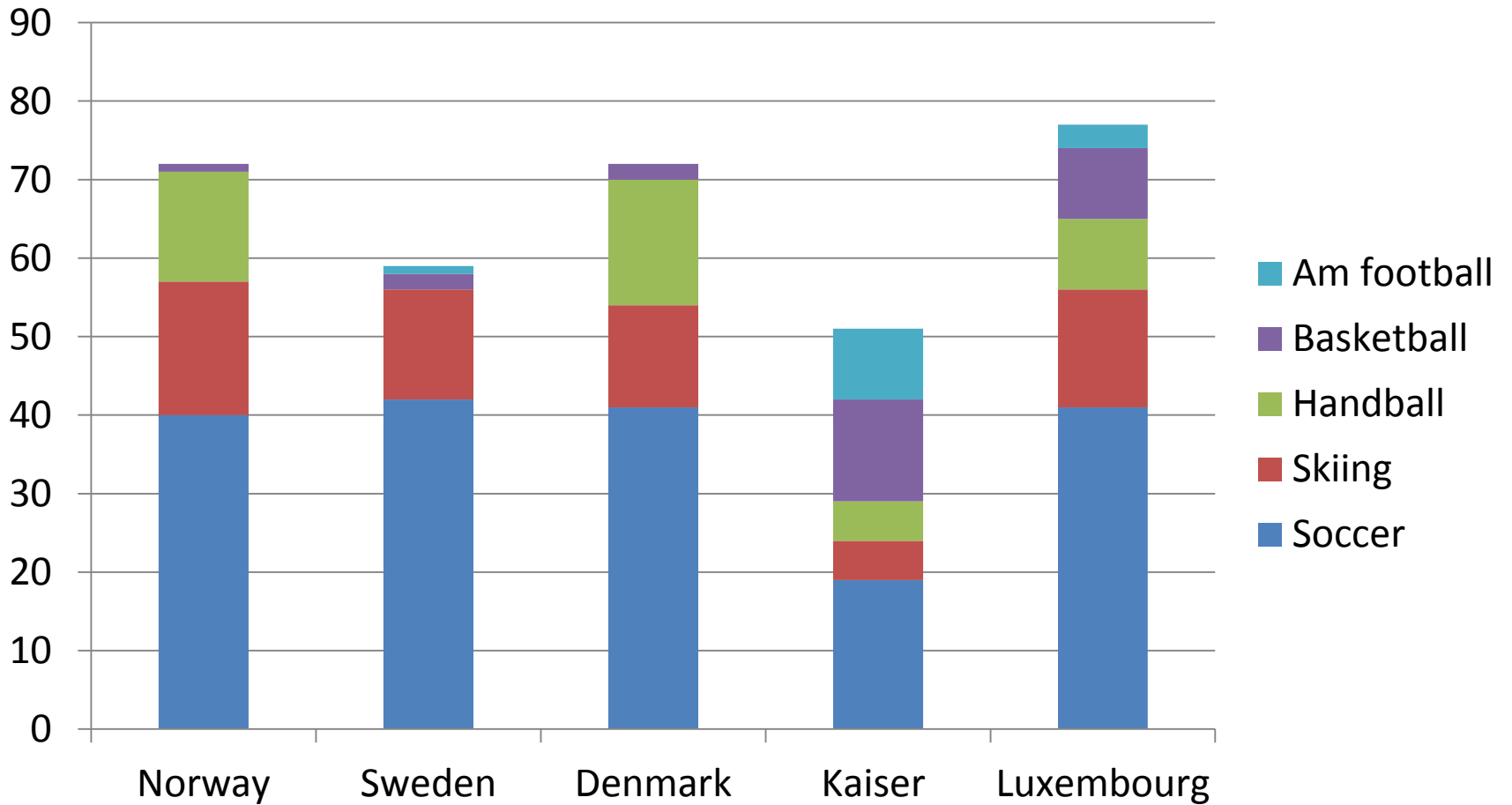
Gregory B. Maletis, MD
Kaiser Permanente ACL Registry

I have no disclosures

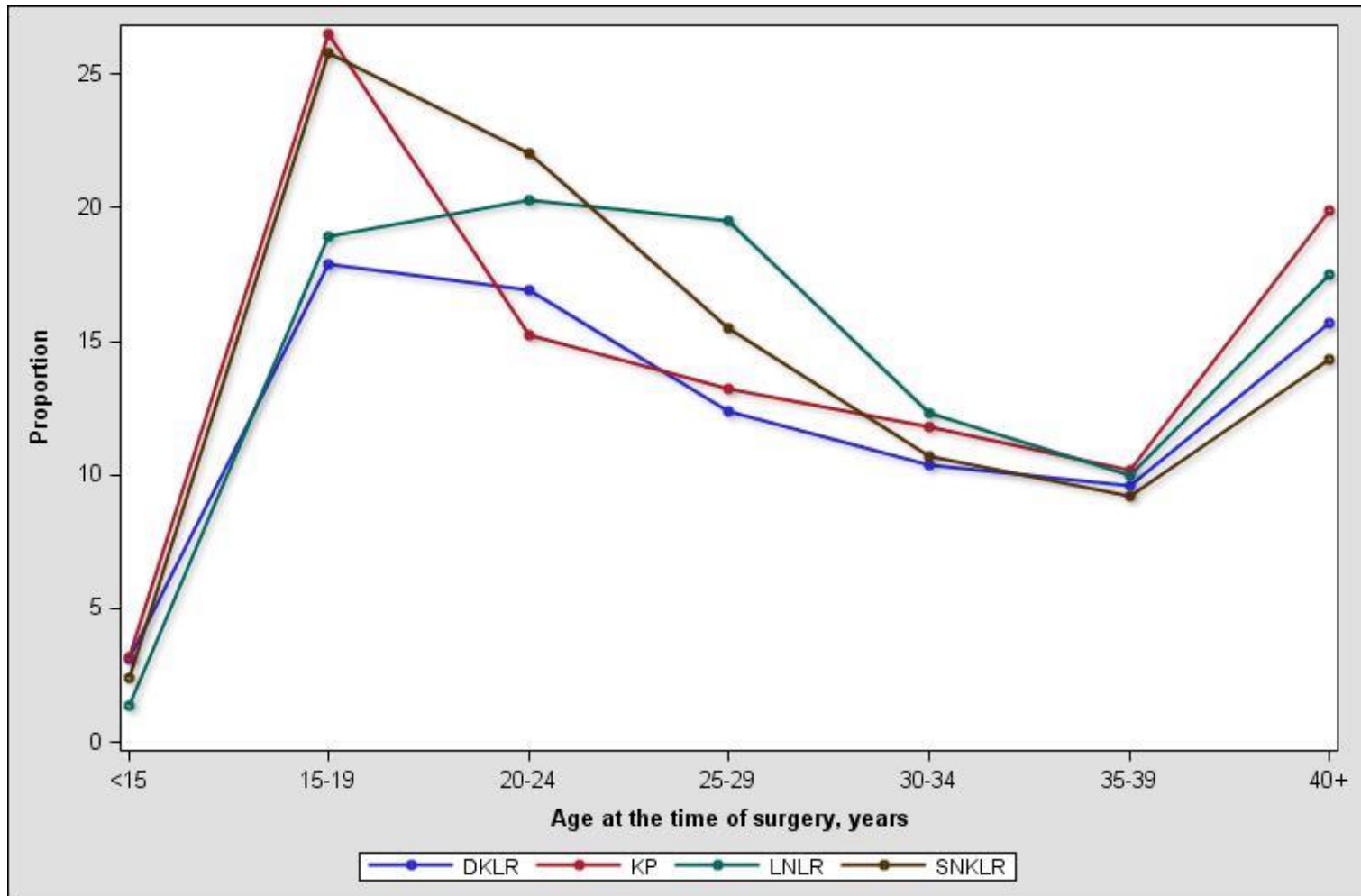
Registry Demographics

	Yr Started	Volume	Mean Age	Male	Female
Norway	2004	19380	27	57%	43%
Sweden	2005	32,466	28	58%	42%
Denmark	2005	25,354	30	60%	40%
Kaiser Permanente	2005	30,398	29	63%	37%
United Kingdom	2012	6105	29	74%	26%
Luxembourg	2011	349	29	70%	30%

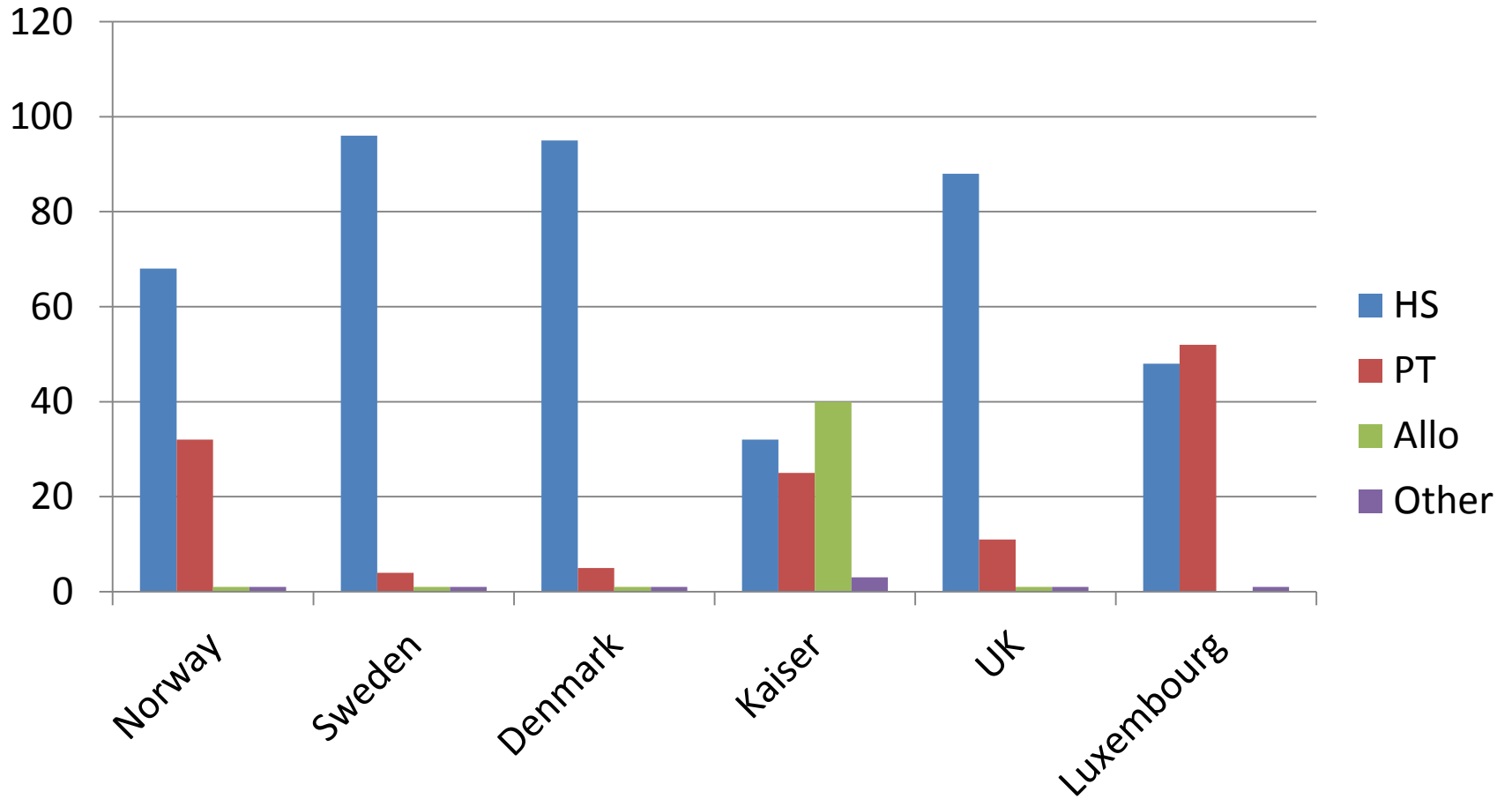
Sports



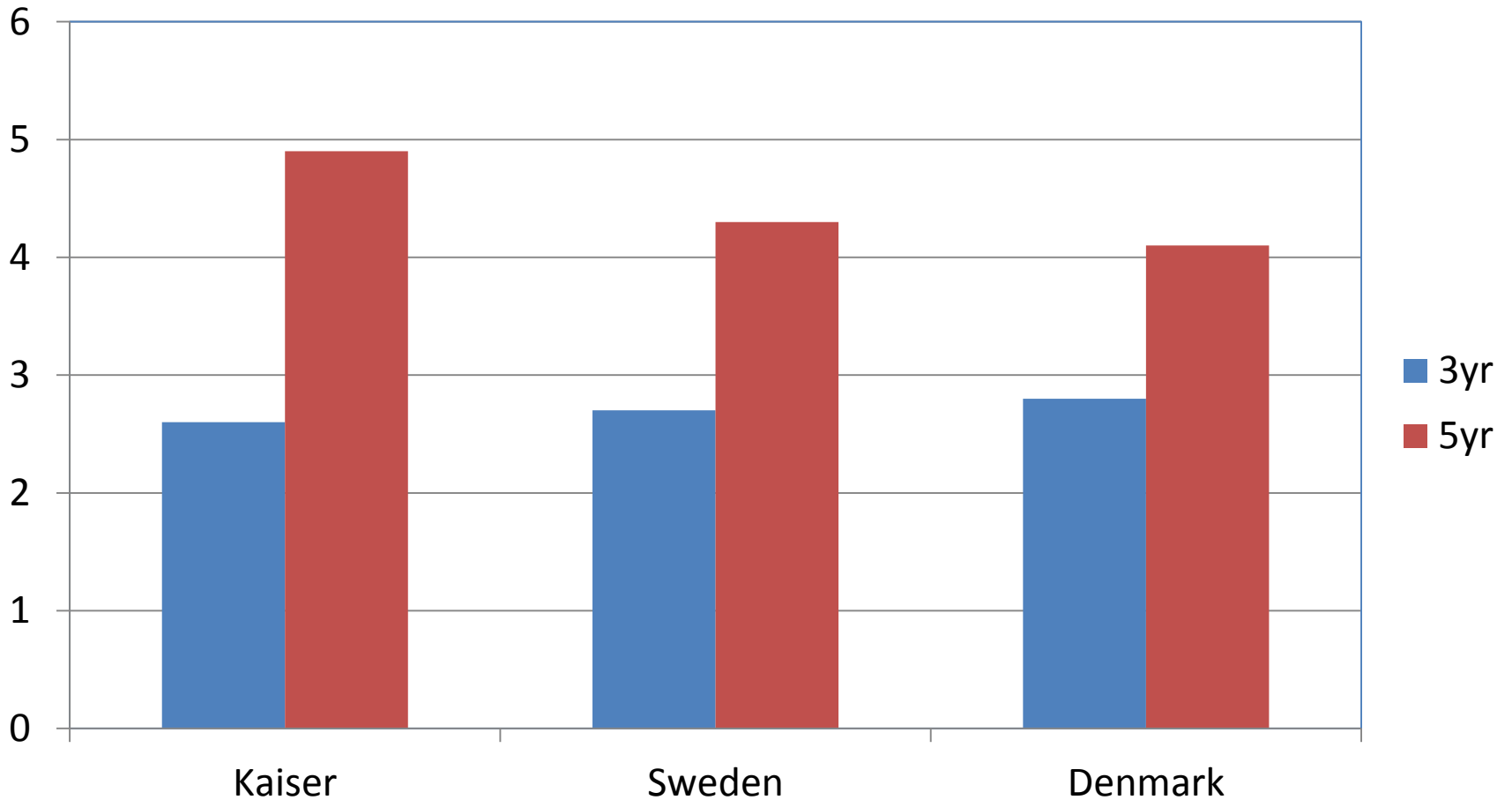
Age at surgery



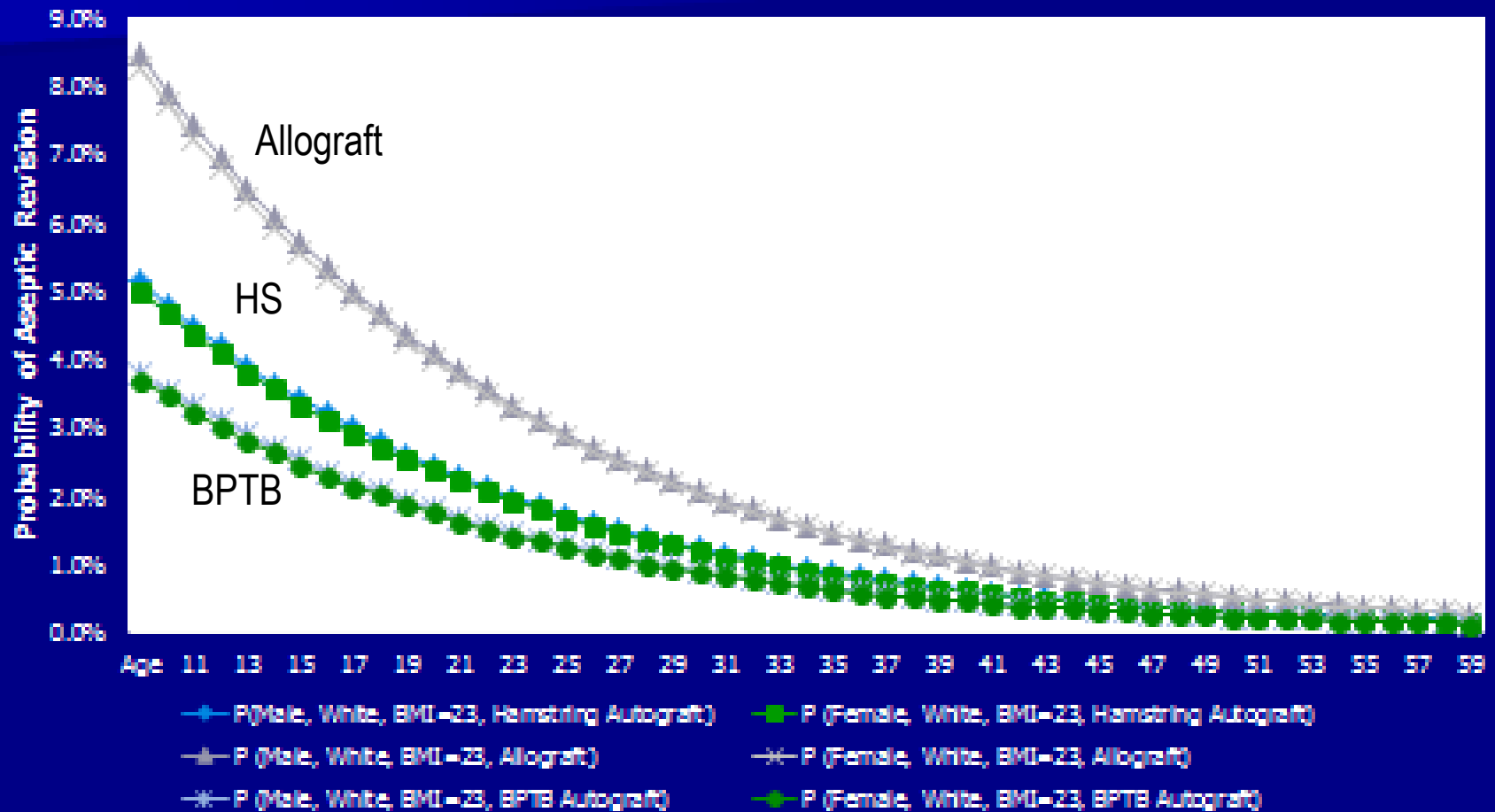
Grafts Utilized



3 yr and 5 yr Revision Rates



Probability of Revision based on Age and Graft Type



Hamstring vs BPTB



■ KNEE

Reconstruction of the anterior cruciate ligament

ASSOCIATION OF GRAFT CHOICE WITH INCREASED RISK OF EARLY REVISION

We examined the association of graft type with the risk of early revision of primary anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction (ACLR) in a community-based sample. A retrospective analysis of a cohort of 9817 ACLRs recorded in an ACLR Registry was performed. Patients were included if they underwent primary ACLR with bone-patellar tendon-bone autograft, hamstring tendon autograft or allograft tissue. Aseptic failure was the main endpoint of the

KP 1.8 X higher risk

Increased Risk of Revision With Hamstring Tendon Grafts Compared With Patellar Tendon Grafts After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

A Study of 12,643 Patients From the Norwegian Cruciate Ligament Registry, 2004-2012

Andreas Persson,^{*,†} MD, Knut Fjeldsgaard,[†] MD, Jan-Erik Gjertsen,[†] MD, PhD, Asle B. Kjellsen,[†] MD, Lars Engebretsen,^{†,§} MD, PhD, Randi M. Hole,[†] MD, and Jonas M. Fevang,[†] MD, PhD
Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Haukeland University Hospital, Bergen, Norway

Norway 2.3 X higher risk



Comparison of Hamstring Tendon and Patellar Tendon Grafts in Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction in a Nationwide Population-Based Cohort Study

Results From the Danish Registry of Knee Ligament Reconstruction

Lene Rahr-Wagner,^{*,††} MD, Theis Muncholm Thillemann,[†] MD, PhD, Alma Becic Pedersen,[†] MD, PhD, and Martin Lind,[†] MD, PhD
Investigation performed at the Departments of Clinical Epidemiology and Orthopaedic Surgery, Aarhus University Hospital, Aarhus, Denmark

Denmark 1.4 X higher risk

Lower Risk of Revision With Patellar Tendon Autografts Compared With Hamstring Autografts

A Registry Study Based on 45,998 Primary ACL Reconstructions in Scandinavia

Tone Gifstad,^{*,††} MD, PhD, Olav A. Foss,^{††} MD, PhD, Lars Engebretsen,[§] MD, PhD, Martin Lind,^{||} MD, PhD, Magnus Forssblad,[¶] MD, PhD, Grethe Albrektsen,[‡] PhD, and Jon Olav Drogset,^{†,‡} MD, PhD
Investigation performed at Trondheim University Hospital, Trondheim, Norway

Scandinavia 1.4X higher risk



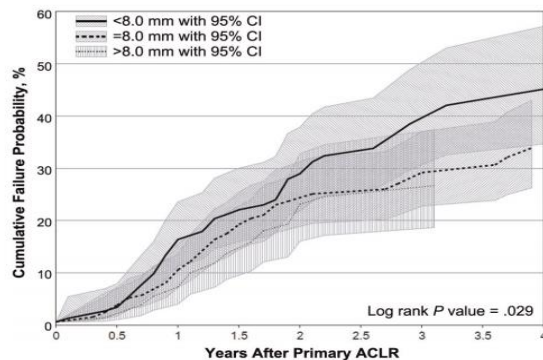
Does One Size Fit All



Hamstring Diameter Makes a Difference

The Effect of Autologous Hamstring Graft Diameter on the Likelihood for Revision of Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

Lindsey Spragg,^{1*} MD, Jason Chen,¹ MA, Raffy Mirzayan,² MD, Rebecca Love,¹ MPH, RN, and Gregory Maletis,² MD
Investigation performed at Kaiser Permanente, Baldwin Park and San Diego, California, USA

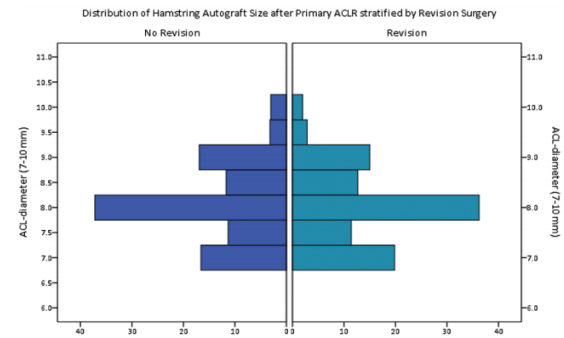


KP
17% ↓ risk of revision for 0.5mm ↑ diameter

Graft Diameter as a Predictor for Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction and KOOS and EQ-5D Values

A Cohort Study From the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register Based on 2240 Patients

Thorkell Snaebjörnsson,¹ MD, Eric Hamrin Senorski,^{*} PT, MSc, Olufemi R. Ayeni,¹ MD, MSc, FRCSC, Eduard Alentorn-Geli,^{2,3,4} MD, PhD, Ferid Krupic,¹ PhD, Fredrik Norberg,¹ Jón Karlsson,¹ MD, PhD, and Kristian Samuelsson,^{1,5} MD, PhD
Investigation performed at Sahlgrenska University Hospital, Mölndal, Sweden



Sweden
14% ↓ risk of revision for 0.5mm ↑ diameter

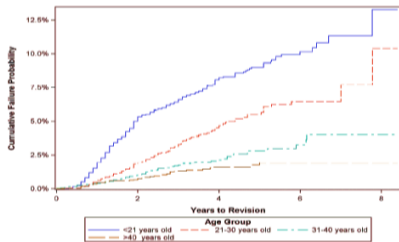
Age Makes a Difference



Age-Related Risk Factors

5 year cumulative revision probability

- < 21 years 9.0%
- 21-30 years 5.5 %
- 31-40 years 2.8%
- > 40 years 1.9%



KP

Age-Related Risk Factors for Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

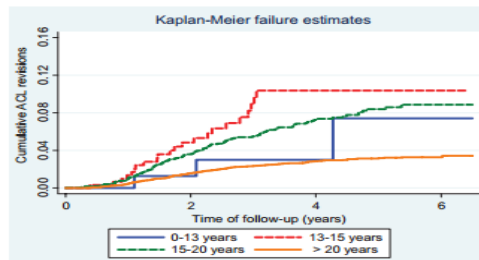
A Cohort Study of 21,304 Patients From the Kaiser Permanente Anterior Cruciate Ligament Registry

Gregory B. Maletis,¹ MD, Jason Chen,¹ MA, Maria C.S. Inacio,¹ PhD, and Tadashi T. Funahashi,² MD
Investigation performed at the Surgical Outcomes and Analysis Department, Kaiser Permanente, San Diego, California, USA



5 year cumulative revision probability

- < 20 years 8.7%
- ≥ 20 years 2.8%



Denmark

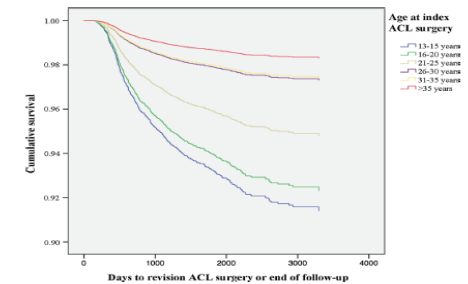
Incidence and Outcome After Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

Results From the Danish Registry for Knee Ligament Reconstructions

Martin Lind,¹ MD, PhD, Frank Menhert,¹ MS, and Alma B. Pedersen,¹ MD, PhD
Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopedics, Aarhus University Hospital, Aarhus, Denmark



Age 13-15 years 5.3X higher risk than 36-49 years



Sweden

Revision surgery in anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction: a cohort study of 17,682 patients from the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register

Neel Desai^{1,2}, Daniel Andernord^{1,3,4}, David Sundemo^{1,2}, Eduard Alentorn-Gel⁵, Volker Musahl⁶, Freddie Fu⁶, Magnus Forsblad⁷, Kristian Samuelsson^{1,2}



Age Related Risk Factors

Age-Related Risk Factors for Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

A Cohort Study of 21,304 Patients From the Kaiser Permanente Anterior Cruciate Ligament Registry

Gregory B. Maletis,^{*†} MD, Jason Chen,[‡] MA, Maria C.S. Inacio,[‡] PhD, and Tadashi T. Funahashi,[§] MD
Investigation performed at the Surgical Outcomes and Analysis Department, Kaiser Permanente, San Diego, California, USA



KP
Age <21 **7.8X** higher risk than > 40

Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc (2016) 24:885–894
DOI 10.1007/s00167-014-3406-6

KNEE

Predictors for additional anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction: data from the Swedish national ACL register

Anne Fältström · Martin Häggglund · Henrik Magnusson · Magnus Forsblad · Joanna Kvist



Sweden
Age <16 **5.3X** higher risk than age >35

Risk for Revision After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Is Higher Among Adolescents

Results From the Danish Registry of Knee Ligament Reconstruction

Peter Fauno,^{*†} MD, Lene Rahr-Wagner,[‡] MD, and Martin Lind,[‡] MD, PhD
Investigation performed at Department of Sports Traumatology, Aarhus University Hospital, Aarhus, Denmark



Denmark
Age <20 **3.5X** higher risk age >20

AJSM PreView, published on October 16, 2014 as doi:10.1177/0363546514552788

Patient Predictors of Early Revision Surgery After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

A Cohort Study of 16,930 Patients With 2-Year Follow-up

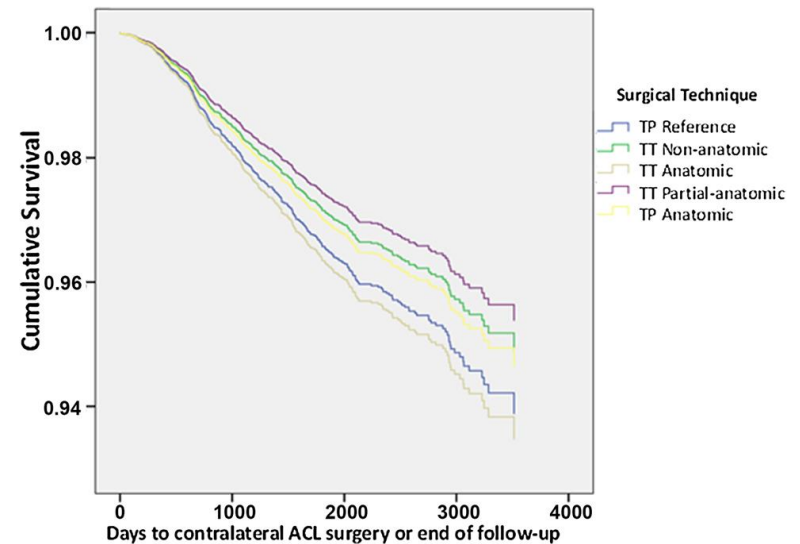
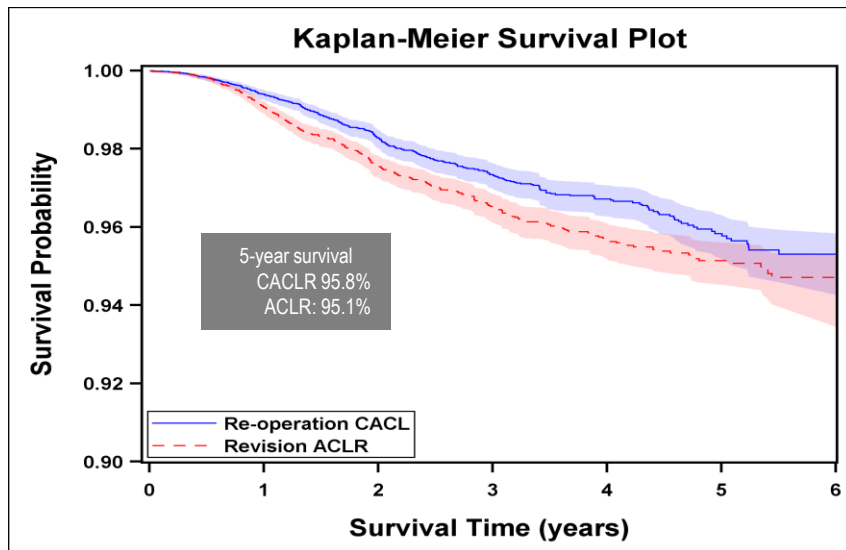
Daniel Andernord,^{*†‡§} MD, Neel Desai,^{||} MD, Haukur Björnsson,^{||} MD, Mattias Ylander,[§] Jón Karlsson,^{||} MD, PhD, and Kristian Samuelsson,^{||} MD, PhD
Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopaedics, Institute of Clinical Sciences, The Sahlgrenska Academy, University of Gothenburg, Gothenburg, Sweden



Sweden
< 20 and soccer **3X** higher risk of revision

Graft Survival Compared to CACL Survival

Sweden



Younger age, females, lower BMI

Younger age, females

Risk Factors Associated With Revision and Contralateral Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstructions in the Kaiser Permanente ACLR Registry

Gregory B. Maletis,¹ MD, Maria C.S. Inacio,⁴ PhD, and Tadashi T. Funahashi,⁹ MD
Investigation performed at Kaiser Permanente Surgical Outcomes and Analysis Department, San Diego, California, USA



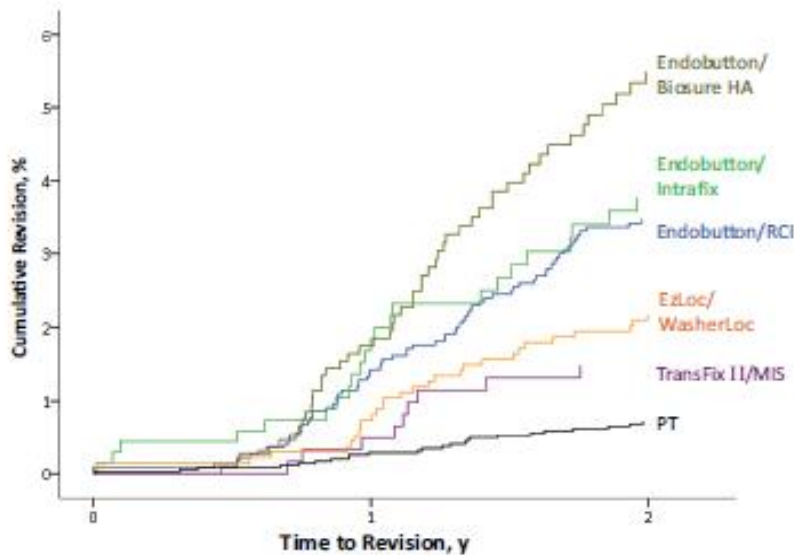
Adolescents and female patients are at increased risk for contralateral anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction: a cohort study from the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register based on 17,682 patients

Thorkell Snaebjörnsson^{1,2} · Eric Hamrin Senorski³ · David Sundemo¹ · Eleonor Svantesson¹ · Olof Westin^{1,2} · Volker Musahl⁴ · Eduard Alentorn-Geli^{5,6,7,8} · Kristian Samuelsson^{1,2}



Graft Fixation

Norway



Extratunnel 1.7X higher risk than Intratunnel

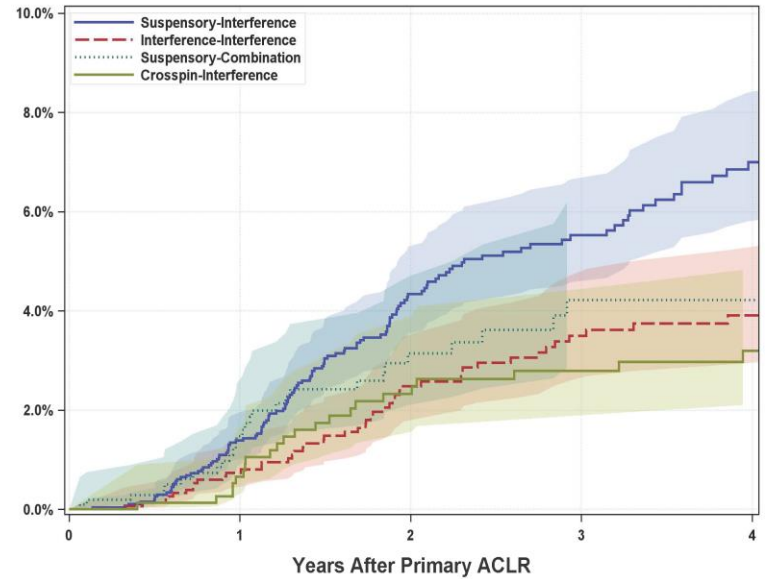
Registry Data Highlight Increased Revision Rates for Endobutton/Biosure HA in ACL Reconstruction With Hamstring Tendon Autograft

A Nationwide Cohort Study From the Norwegian Knee Ligament Registry, 2004-2013

Andreas Persson,¹ MD, Asle B. Kjellsen,¹ MD, Knut Fjeldsgaard,¹ MD, Lars Engelsen,^{1,2} MD, PhD, Birgitte Espeshaug,¹ MSc, PhD, and Jonas M. Fevang,¹ MD, PhD
Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Haukeland University Hospital, Bergen, Norway

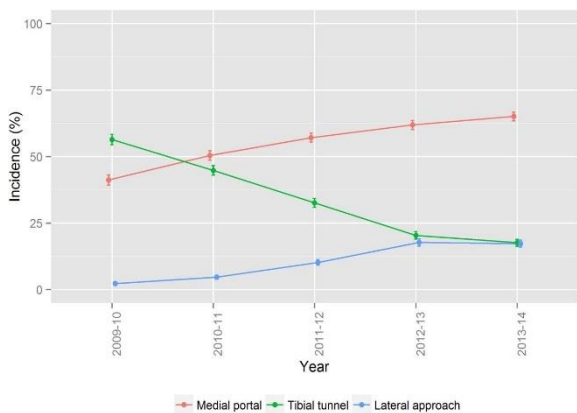


KP



Extrachannel 1.4-1.7 X higher risk than Interference and Crosspin fixation

Change in Technique Move to AM portal Drilling

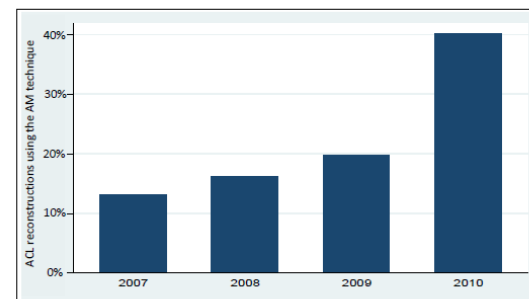


Surgical Technique Trends in Primary ACL Reconstruction from 2007 to 2014

Lisa Tibor, MD, Priscilla H. Chan, MS, Tadashi T. Funahashi, MD, Ronald Wyatt, MD, Gregory B. Maletis, MD, and Maria C.S. Inacio, PhD

Investigation performed at Surgical Outcomes and Analysis, Kaiser Permanente, San Diego, California

Figure 5.3.1: Use of AM technique for femoral tunnel drilling from 2007–2010 (%)

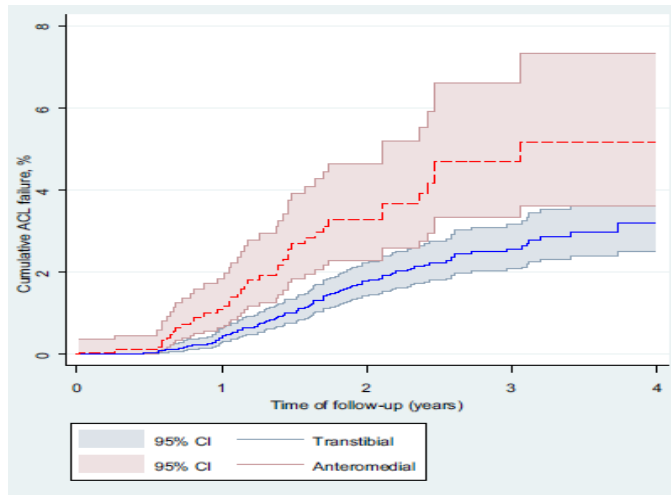


Validation and outcome studies from the Danish Knee Ligament Reconstruction Registry
A study in operatively treated anterior cruciate ligament injuries

PhD dissertation

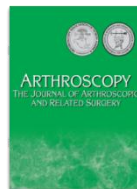
Lene Rahr-Wagner

Drilling Method



Increased Risk of Revision After Anteromedial Compared With Transtibial Drilling of the Femoral Tunnel During Primary Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction: Results from the Danish Knee Ligament Reconstruction Register

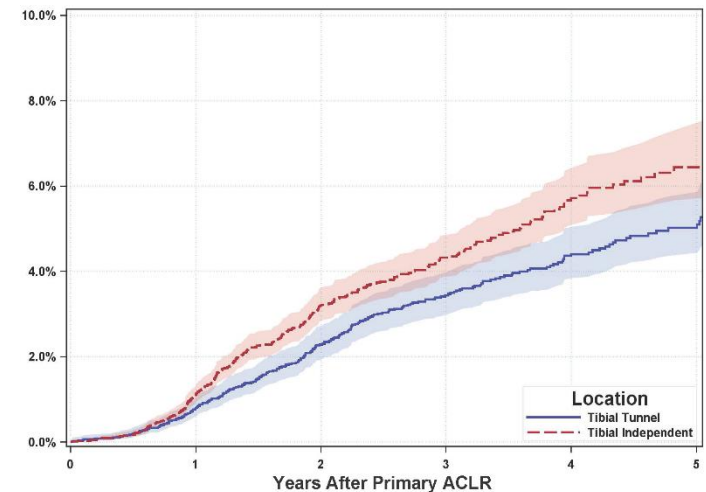
Lene Rahr-Wagner, M.D., Theis Muncholm Thillemann, M.D., Ph.D., Alma Becic Pedersen, M.D., Ph.D., and Martin Carøe Lind, M.D., Ph.D.



Denmark

4 yr revision rate AM 5.2% vs TT 3.2%

After adjusting for covariates 2X higher risk with AM portal



Femoral Drilling Tunnel Method: Risk of Reoperation and Revision After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

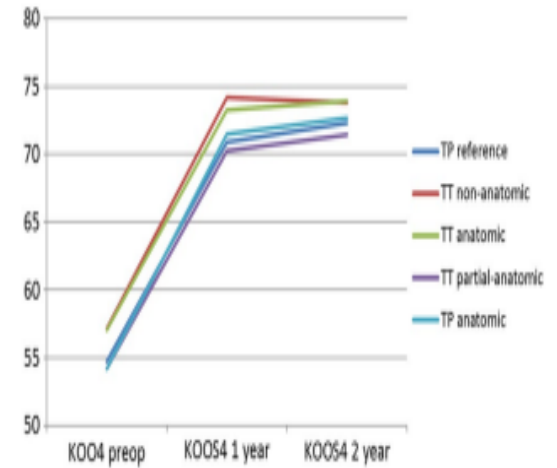
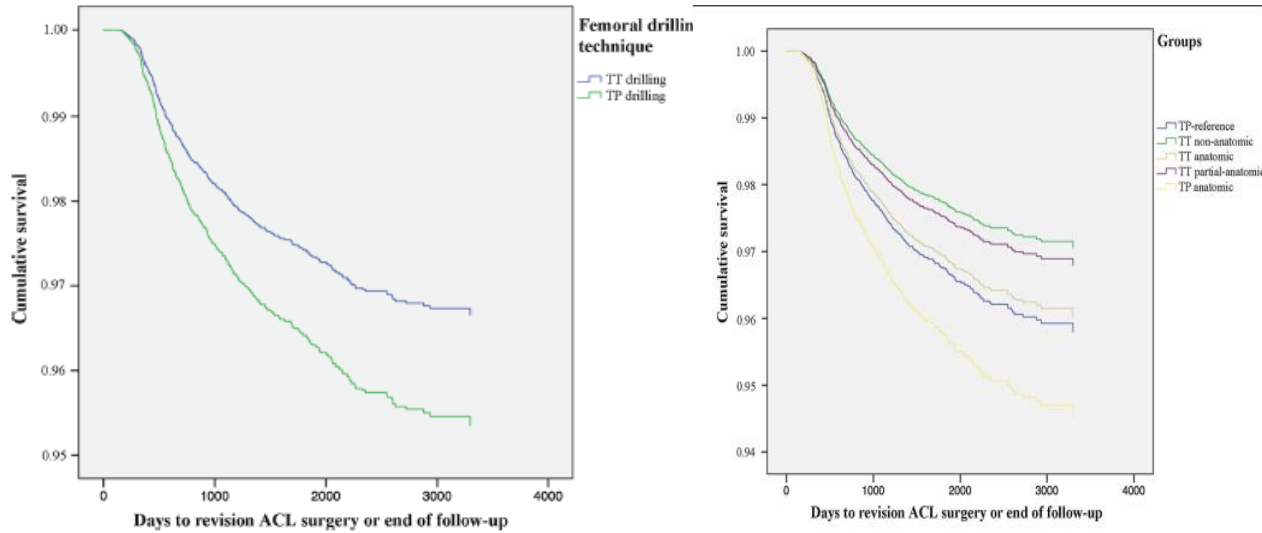
Samir Tejwani MD¹, Heather Prentice PhD MPH¹, Ronald Wyatt MD², Gregory Maletis MD¹

KP

5 yr risk of revision AM 6.4% vs TT 5.0%

After adjusting for covariates including fixation No difference

Swedish Registry Drilling method



TT had a decreased risk of revision compared to TP
HR 0.7

TP anatomic had a 1.3 X higher risk than TP reference

No Difference in KOOS based on drilling technique

Revision surgery in anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction: a cohort study of 17,682 patients from the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register

Neel Desai^{1,2} · Daniel Andersson^{1,3,4} · David Sundemo^{1,2} · Eduard Alentorn-Geli⁵ · Volker Musahl⁶ · Freddie Fu⁷ · Magnus Forsblad⁷ · Kristian Samuelson^{1,2}

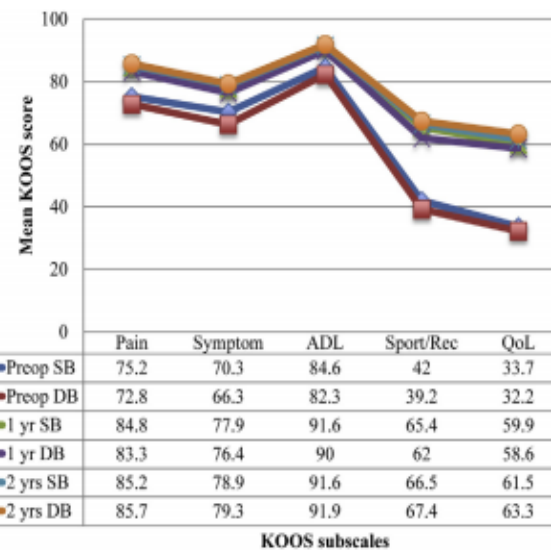
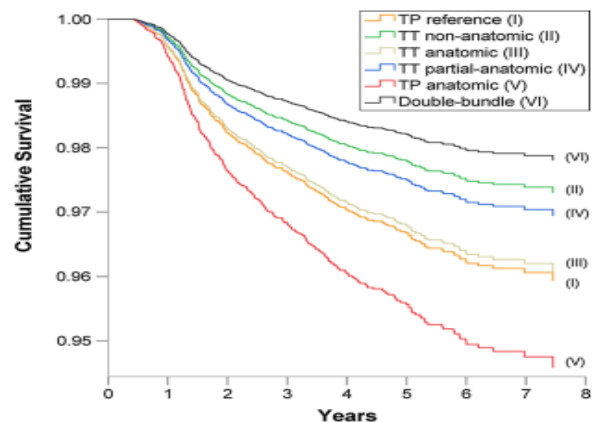


No differences in subjective knee function between surgical techniques of anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction at 2-year follow-up: a cohort study from the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register

Eric Hamrin Senorski¹ · David Sundemo² · Christopher D. Murawski³ · Eduard Alentorn-Geli^{4,5,6,7} · Volker Musahl⁸ · Freddie Fu⁹ · Neel Desai^{2,8} · Anders Ståhlman¹⁰ · Kristian Samuelsson^{2,8}



Double Bundle



Double-bundle anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction is superior to single-bundle reconstruction in terms of revision frequency: a study of 22,460 patients from the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register

Eleonor Svantesson¹, David Sundemo², Eric Hamrin Senorski³, Eduard Alentorn-Geli³, Volker Musahl⁴, Freddie H. Fu⁴, Neel Desai^{1,2}, Anders Ståhlman³, Kristian Samuelsson^{1,2}



No Difference in Revision Rates Between Single- and Double-Bundle Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction: A Comparative Study of 16,791 Patients From the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register

Haukur Björnsson, M.D., Daniel Andermord, M.D., Neel Desai, M.D., Olof Norrby, M.D., Magnus Forsblad, M.D., Ph.D., Max Petzold, Ph.D., Jón Karlsson, M.D., Ph.D., and Kristian Samuelsson, M.D., Ph.D.

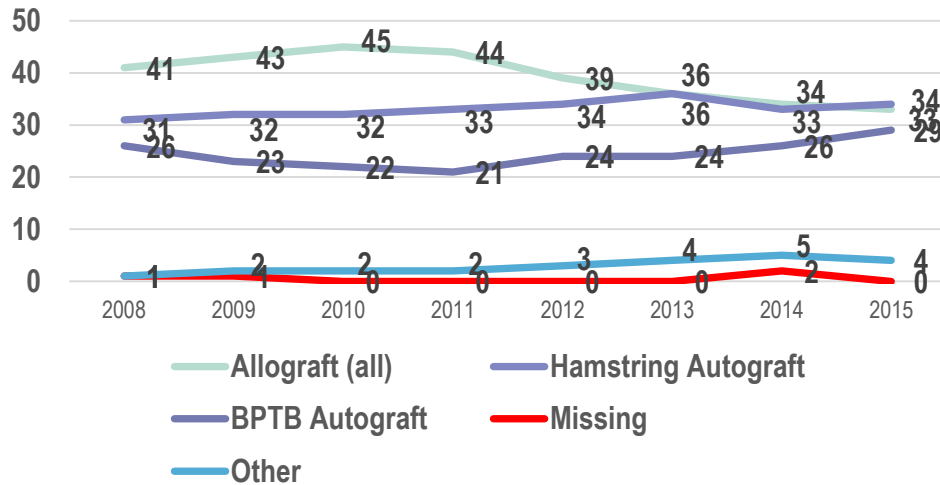


Trends in Graft Utilization

KP

Norway

Percent of Graft Type, Program-Wide by Year



27% decrease in Allograft use
68% decrease in < 21 year olds

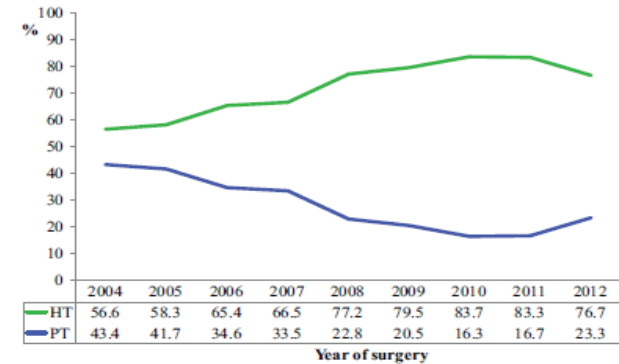


Figure 2. Time trend for graft choice for primary anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction in the Norwegian Knee Ligament Registry.

Unique Outcomes

Revision Risk: 16 year old soccer player

Risk of Aseptic Revision after ACLR Surgery



Age (yrs) years

Height: feet inches

Weight (lbs) lbs

Injury activity:

Survival Probability by Graft

Your BMI is:

25.10216

Your probability of surviving (not experiencing an aseptic revision) after your FIRST ACLR Surgery is:

GRAFT NAME	PAST YEAR 1	PAST YEAR 2	PAST YEAR 3	PAST YEAR 4	PAST YEAR 5	PAST YEAR 6
<i>Allograft - Achilles</i>	97.4%	89.2%	87.8%	83.9%	83.5%	82.4%
<i>Allograft - BPTB</i>	95.1%	88.1%	86.6%	84.2%	83.2%	77.0%
<i>Allograft - Soft Tissue</i>	97.6%	93.4%	90.7%	87.8%	86.2%	85.2%
<i>Autograft - BPTB</i>	98.3%	94.8%	93.5%	93.0%	91.8%	89.3%
<i>Autograft - Hamstring</i>	96.5%	91.2%	89.9%	88.6%	88.4%	88.3%

Revision Risk: 40 year old non athlete

Risk of Aseptic Revision after ACLR Surgery



Age (yrs) years

Height: feet inches

Weight (lbs) lbs

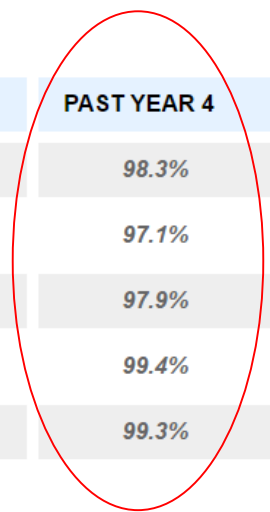
Injury activity:

Survival Probability by Graft

Your BMI is:

Your probability of surviving (not experiencing an aseptic revision) after your FIRST ACLR Surgery is:

GRAFT NAME	PAST YEAR 1	PAST YEAR 2	PAST YEAR 3	PAST YEAR 4	PAST YEAR 5	PAST YEAR 6
<i>Allograft - Achilles</i>	99.5%	99.3%	98.7%	98.3%	97.8%	97.6%
<i>Allograft - BPTB</i>	99.5%	99.0%	97.6%	97.1%	96.8%	96.7%
<i>Allograft - Soft Tissue</i>	99.8%	99.2%	98.7%	97.9%	96.7%	96.6%
<i>Autograft - BPTB</i>	99.9%	99.7%	99.5%	99.4%	99.1%	99.1%
<i>Autograft - Hamstring</i>	99.9%	99.7%	99.4%	99.3%	99.3%	99.3%



The Kaiser Permanente ACL Risk Calculator (KPARC) can be found at:



<https://ec2-54-215-129-112.us-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com/arc/apps/appgroup/9#>

Danish Registry

Influence of anticonception hormone treatment

Relative Risk for Sustaining ACL Injury
Using Oral Contraceptives or Not^a

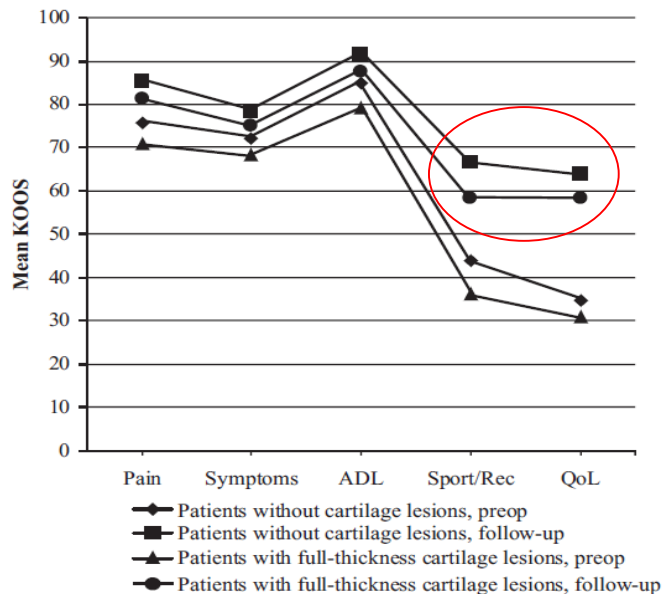
Variable ^b	Crude RR	Adjusted RR ^c
Never users (n = 7090)	1.0 (reference)	1.0 (reference)
Ever users (n = 6266)	0.89 (0.81-0.96)	0.82 (0.75-0.90)
Recent users (n = 1715)	0.83 (0.73-0.93)	0.81 (0.72-0.89)
New users (n = 842)	0.96 (0.82-1.12)	0.89 (0.76-1.05)
Long-term users (n = 3708)	0.90 (0.81-0.99)	0.80 (0.74-0.91)

Is the Use of Oral Contraceptives Associated With Operatively Treated Anterior Cruciate Ligament Injury?: A Case-Control Study From the Danish Knee Ligament Reconstruction Registry
Lene Rahr-Wagner, Theis Muncholm Thillemann, Frank Mehnert, Alma Becic Pedersen and Martin Lind
Am J Sports Med 2014 42: 2897



Norwegian registry

Effect of Focal Cartilage Lesion on Patient Reported Outcome



Effect of Meniscal Repair or Resection on Patient Reported Outcomes at 2 years

No difference in KOOS with Meniscal resection or LM repair compared to isolated ACLR

MM Repair had worse QOL and Other symptoms

Effect of Meniscal and Focal Cartilage Lesions on Patient-Reported Outcome After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

A Nationwide Cohort Study From Norway and Sweden of 8476 Patients With 2-Year Follow-up

Jan Harald Retterud,^{*,††} MD, Einar A. Sivertsen,^{*,§} MD, PhD, Magnus Forssblad,^{‡¶} MD, PhD, Lars Engebretsen,^{*,††††} MD, PhD, and Asbjørn Aroen,^{*,§} MD, PhD
Investigation performed at Department of Orthopedic Surgery, Akerhus University Hospital, Lorenskog, Norway



Outcomes After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Using the Norwegian Knee Ligament Registry of 4691 Patients

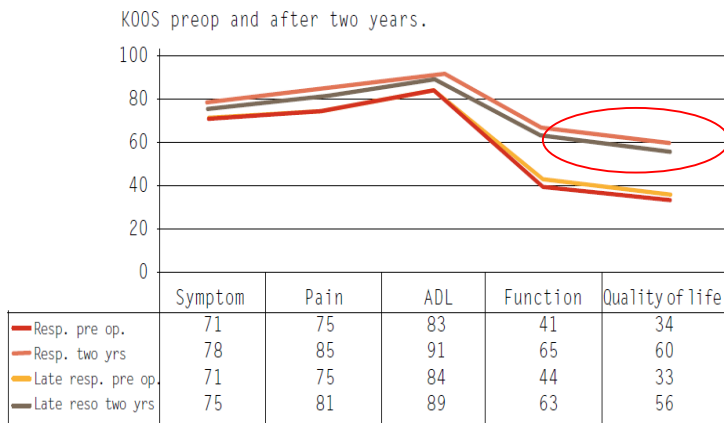
How Does Meniscal Repair or Resection Affect Short-term Outcomes?

Christopher M. LaPrade,^{*,†} BA, Grant J. Dornan,[†] MSc, Lars-Petter Granan,^{*,§§¶} MD, PhD, Robert F. LaPrade,^{*,¶} MD, PhD, and Lars Engebretsen,^{*,†§**} MD, PhD
Investigation performed at the Oslo Sports Trauma Research Center, Oslo, Norway

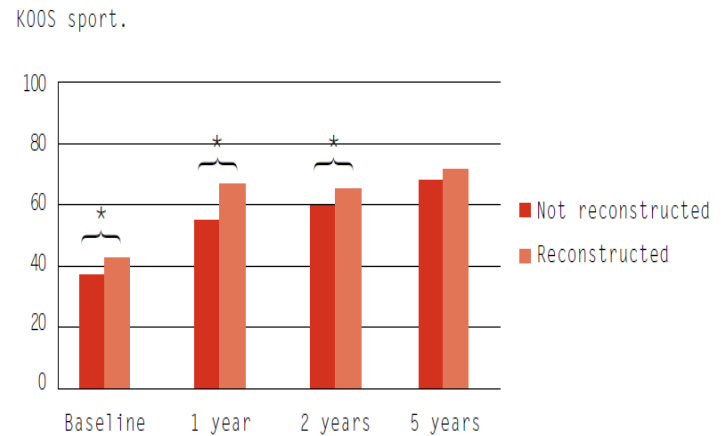


Swedish Registry

KOOS Early and Late Responders



Reconstructed and Non Reconstructed ACLs



Patient Reported Outcomes

(Norwegian and Swedish Registries)

Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc
DOI 10.1007/s00167-012-2162-8



KNEE

Functional recovery after anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction, a study of health-related quality of life based on the Swedish National Knee Ligament Register

Björn Barenius · Magnus Forsblad ·
Björn Engström · Karl Eriksson

Proportion of Patients Reporting Acceptable Symptoms or Treatment Failure and Their Associated KOOS Values at 6 to 24 Months After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

A Study From the Norwegian Knee Ligament Registry

Lina H. Ingelsrud,^{*} PT, MSc, Lars-Petter Granan,^{†‡§} MD, PhD, Caroline B. Terwee,^{||} PhD, Lars Engebretsen,^{§*} MD, PhD, and Ewa M. Roos,^{**} PT, PhD
Investigation performed at the Institute of Sports Science and Clinical Biomechanics, University of Southern Denmark, Odense, Denmark



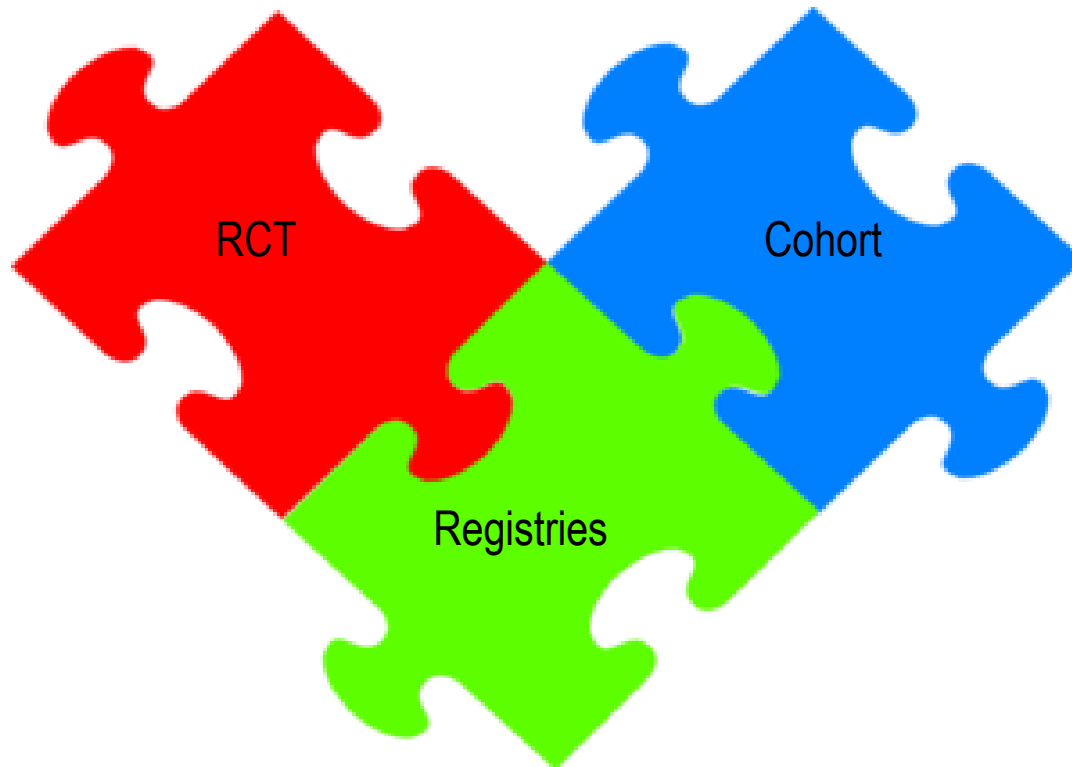
Functional recovery = 19.7%
Treatment Failure = 28.9%

Acceptable = 66%
Not acceptable = 34%
Failure = 12%

What can we take away?

- Many similarities between the Kaiser (US) and European Registries.
- Understanding the similarities and differences should improve cross-cultural acceptance of results.
- Outcomes that are consistent across Registries should be able to be relied upon.
- Different registries may be uniquely positioned to tackle different problems.
- There are still many unanswered questions.

Registries are one piece of the puzzle in trying to answer those important questions regarding ACL Reconstructions



Thank you